## **JEOPARDY**

## **Weimar Germany Factual Revision**

This revision activity works best if you do it with a friend, and talk about it as you do it.

This activity is based on the US game show, Jeopardy. If this is the answer, what was the question?

| \$8,000<br>questions                  | \$16,000<br>questions                             | \$32,000<br>questions                                    | \$64,000<br>questions  |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Mutiny                                | Chaos   | Right to rule by decree                                  | October 1918   |
| Demobbed                              | Blockade  | Proportional representation                              | November 1918  |
| Kaiser                                | Kiel  | Right-wing judges  | January 1919   |
| Abdicated                             | Soviets   | Kapp Putsch  | 50,000   |
| Spartacist                            | Holland   | 1920   | Aged 20+   |
| Rosa Luxemburg and<br>Karl Leibknecht | Friedrich Ebert                                   | The Red Army   | 'In an emergency'  |
| Democracy                             | Freikorps   | Placed economic strain on the country, causing inflation | A rebellion in Berlin<br>against the Treaty of<br>Versailles |
| Weimar                                | Equality before the law                           | From 1 to 200 billion marks                              | Light sentences  |
| Constitution                          | Freedom of speech, political opinion and religion | From 500 to 14 trillion marks                            | A Communist state  |
| Chancellor                            | Article 48  | Pensioners and war widows                                | Bavaria  |
| Reichstag                             | Newspapers  | People with savings                                      | January 1923   |

| Bill of Rights             | Revenge   | People with loans   | Social chaos, riots and looting   |
|----------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Republic                   | Dollstosslegende  | Many parties and chaotic coalition governments            | Bruno Buchrucker                  |
| Versailles                 | 'November Criminals'                                    | Soldiers calling<br>themselves Black<br>Reichswehr        | The Rhineland                     |
| 'Stabbed in the back'      | Erzberger (1921)  | Decadent  | The SDP, Centre Party and the DVP |
| Nationalists               | Rathenau (1922)   | Saxony and Thuringia                                      | October 1923                      |
| Assassinations             | France invaded the<br>Ruhr                              | The Locarno Treaties (1925)                               | 3 million                         |
| The Ruhr                   | The government called a general strike                  | Reduced reparations                                       | George Grosz                      |
| Refusal to pay reparations | Loss of production + printing money to pay the strikers | Accepted Germany's<br>borders set at<br>Versailles (1925) | Otto Dix                          |
| Hyperinflation             | Toys and kindling                                       | 1926  | Fritz Lang                        |
| Wheelbarrows               | The Dawes Plan (1924)                                   | Cabaret   | Kammerspielfilm                   |
| Munich Putsch              | American loans  | Homosexuality   | Liberal attitudes                 |
| Stresemann                 | Great Coalition   | Entirely dependent on<br>American loans                   | Marlene Dietrich                  |
| Rentenmark                 | Labour Exchanges and unemployment pay                   | Because it was 'a<br>Republic without<br>republicans'     | Wandervogel<br>movement           |
| The League of Nations      | Started to pay reparations                              | Bauhaus   | Independence                      |
| Antisemitism               | Persuaded the French<br>to leave the Ruhr               | 'Modernist'   | November 1923                     |